Share of private sector in capital investment of the country

†983. DR. MURLI MANOHAR JOSHI:
SHRI RAM JETHMALANI:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that maximum capital investment in the country during the years 2007-08 and 2006-07 has been made by private sector companies which used to be less than investment made by other sectors by now;

(b) if so, the quantum of this capital investment;

(c) how much more is this in comparison to other private household and Government investment; and

(d) the reasons of this change in these two years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL POLICY AND PROMOTION, MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY (SHRI ASHWANI KUMAR): (a) to (d) The Gross Capital Formation by Public, Household and Private Corporate Sectors for the last three years as per National Accounts Statistics released by Central Statistical Organisation (CSO) are given below:—

Gross Capital Formation

(Rs. crore)

Item	2005-06	2006-07*	2007-08**
Public Sector	2,71,835	3,29,679	4,29,014
Private Corporate Sector	4,91,983	6,11,044	7,49,894
Household Sector	4,43,679	5,12,076	5,96,846

Source:—CSO *provisional **Quick estimate

Investment decisions in the private sector are governed by their perception about the economy. The Government has facilitated private investment through various policies which, *inter-alia*, includes delicensing of industrial capacity, liberalization of foreign trade regime to provide better access to inputs at competitive prices, rationalization and reduction in duty rates of customs and central excise, better infrastructure support, liberal FDI regime and exemption of excise duty for the Micro and Small Enterprises (MSEs) upto the prescribed limit.

Review of performance of NREGA

984. DR. V. MAITREYAN: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government is soon reviewing the poor performance of some States regarding National Rural Employment Guarantee Act;

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

(b) the States which have done well and which are the States which have performed poorly under this scheme;

(c) the total funds released State-wise during the current financial year; and

(d) the percentage of funds utilized by each State, State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI CHANDRA SEKHAR SAHU): (a) and (b) NREGA is demand based. The Act provides a legal guarantee of 100 days of wage employment in a financial year to every rural household on demand for doing unskilled manual work. As the programme is demand driven, no predetermined physical and financial targets can be set under the Act. Progress of implementation of NREGA is reviewed on regular basis. Performance Review Committee meetings are undertaken by the Minister of Rural Development and Secretary (Rural Development) from time to time. Periodic Review meetings are held with State Secretaries (Rural Development) of all States to see the progress of the Act. State specific reviews are also taken up by Minister (Rural Development) in which members of Central Employment Guarantee Council also participate.

(c) and (d) Total funds released by the Centre during the current year and their utilization by the States is given in the enclosed Statement.

Statement

Details of total funds released by the Centre during current year and their utilisation by the States

NREGA Implementation Status Report for the financial year 2008-09

Sl. No.	States	Central release in crore	Total funds available in crore	Expenditure in crore	% of expenditure against total available funds
1	2	3	4	5	6
1.	Andhra Pradesh	3136.32	3581.68	2144.67	59.88
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	22.57	24.56	6.46	26.31
3.	Assam	618.31	998.69	704.67	70.56
4.	Bihar	1158.50	1831.62	1000.20	54.61
5.	Chhattisgarh	1560.87	1838.07	1083.21	58.93
6.	Gujarat	106.75	214.32	112.56	52.52
7.	Haryana	104.26	127.63	70.48	55.22
8.	Himachal Pradesh	281.37	385.44	220.45	57.19

1	2	4	3	5	6
9.	Jammu and Kashmir	99.34	145.42	43.95	30.23
10.	Jharkhand	1545.88	1933.17	980.93	50.74
11.	Karnataka	313.39	558.38	211.82	37.93
12.	Kerala	131.44	206.00	137.83	66.91
13.	Madhya Pradesh	3304.11	4046.17	2668.06	65.94
14.	Maharashtra	155.16	545.16	268.25	49.21
15.	Manipur	259.10	276.11	168.68	61.09
16.	Meghalaya	60.22	89.99	56.02	62.25
17.	Mizoram	146.17	164.50	112.09	68.14
18.	Nagaland	128.73	135.39	92.21	68.10
19.	Orissa	701.65	885.93	442.24	49.92
20.	Punjab	62.34	107.82	33.50	31.07
21.	Rajasthan	5429.34	6221.28	4637.50	74.54
22.	Sikkim	36.58	43.55	16.89	38.77
23.	Tamil Nadu	1159.39	1434.98	794.70	55.38
24.	Tripura	412.27	446.33	270.36	60.57
25.	Uttar Pradesh	3077.85	3826.81	2381.63	62.24
26.	Uttaranachal	72.47	120.38	82.40	68.45
27.	West Bengal	787.86	1163.06	594.75	51.14
28.	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	7.03	11.51	2.22	19.26
29.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	0.45	0.46	0.00	0.43
30.	Daman and Diu	0.22	0.22	0.00	0.00
31.	Goa	2.39	2.39	0.00	0.00
32.	Lakshadweep	2.62	4.35	1.04	23.79
33.	Pondicherry	4.19	9.69	1.36	14.04
34.	Chandigarh	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.00
	Total	24889.36	31381.26	19341.11	61.63